

# Inhibition of $\alpha$ -glucosidase by polyphenols present in traditional, indigenous apple varieties



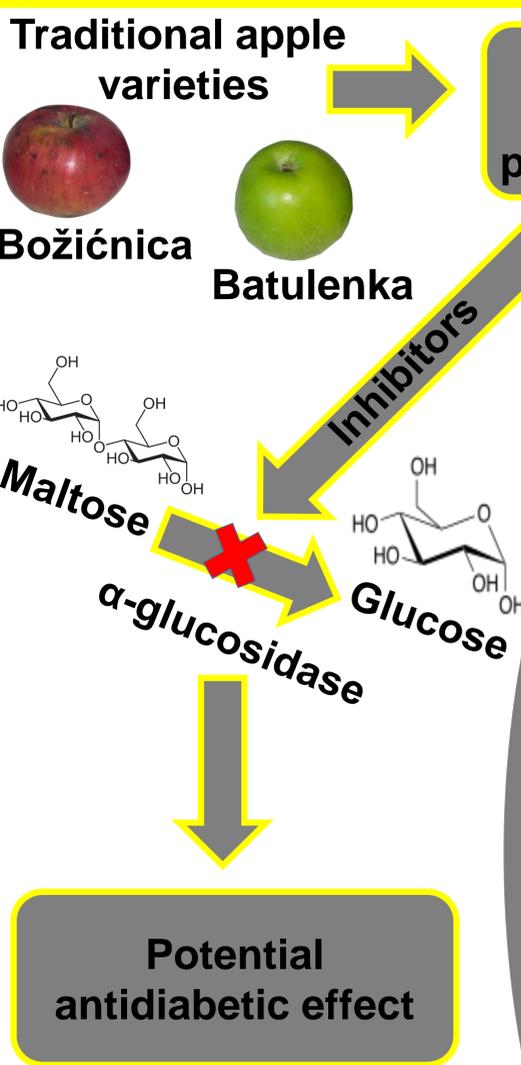
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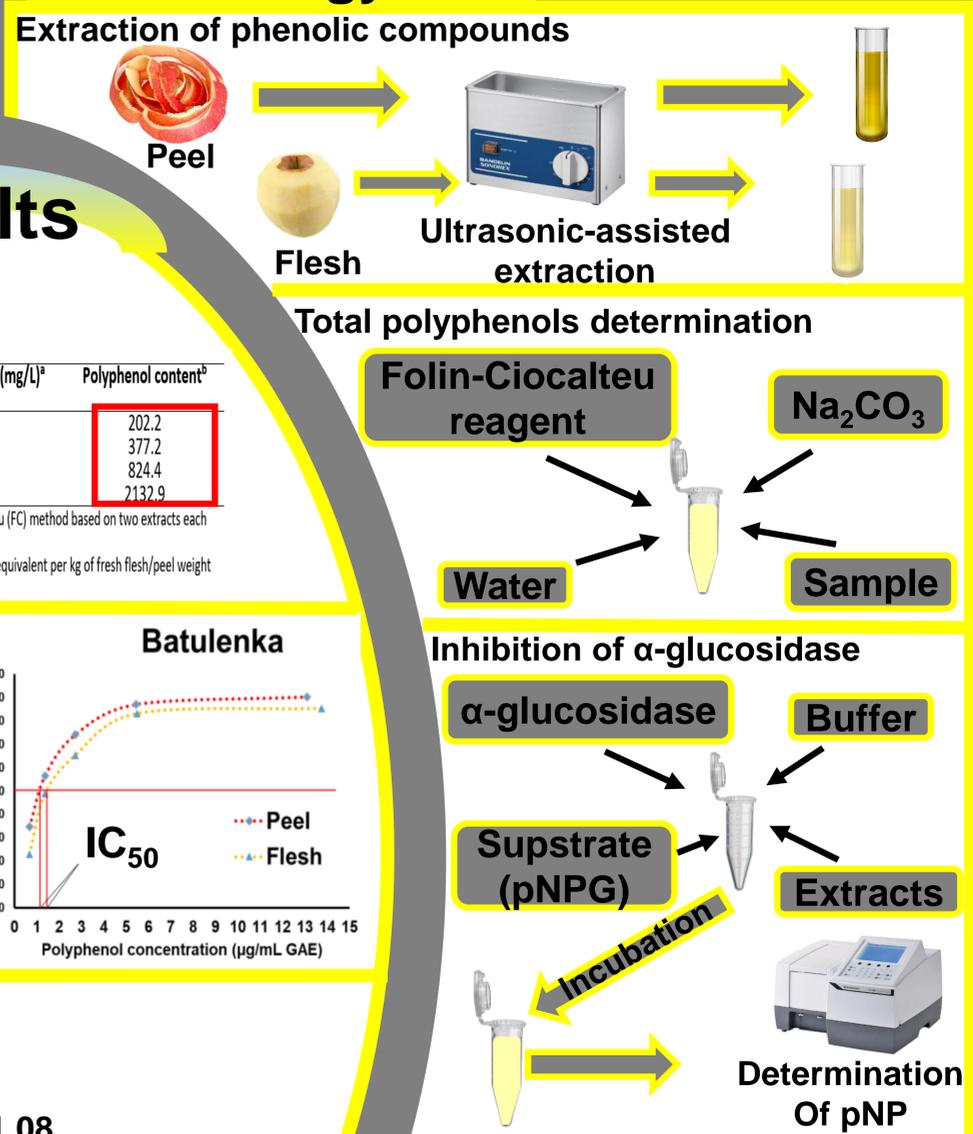
## Abstract

This work aimed to evaluate polyphenols from two traditional apple varieties as  $\alpha$ -glucosidase inhibitors. Polyphenols were extracted from the flesh and skin of two traditional apple varieties (Božićnica and Batulenka) by using ultrasonic-assisted extraction. Total polyphenols in extracts were determined by the spectrophotometric Folin-Ciocalteu method, expressed as gallic acid equivalents (GAE). The  $\alpha$ -glucosidase activity was evaluated based on the spectrophotometric determination of *p*-nitrophenol (pNP) released from *p*-nitrophenyl- $\alpha$ -D-glucopyranoside (*p*-NPG) substrate by the action of the enzyme. To inhibit enzyme activity, various polyphenol concentrations were added into the reaction mixture. IC<sub>50</sub> value was calculated (concentration of polyphenols that gives 50 % inhibition). Božićnica and Batulenka contained 337.24 and 202.17 mg GAE/kg in the flesh and 2132.91 and 824.43 mg GAE/kg in the peel, respectively. Polyphenols inhibited  $\alpha$ -glucosidase activity and inhibition reached a steady state. IC<sub>50</sub> values, expressed as  $\mu$ g of gallic acid equivalents (GAE) per mL of reaction solution, of the flesh of Batulenka and Božićnica were 1.69 and 1.47, respectively. Peel showed similar IC<sub>50</sub> values (1.07, and 0.33  $\mu$ g GAE/mL, for the peel of Batulenka and Božićnica, respectively). These results suggest that polyphenols from the flesh and skin of traditional apple varieties are potent inhibitors of  $\alpha$ -glucosidase activity.

## Introduction



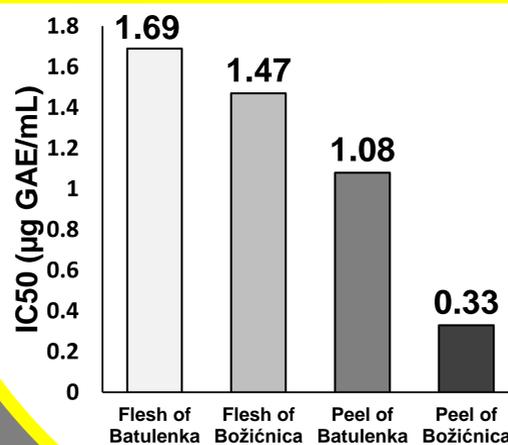
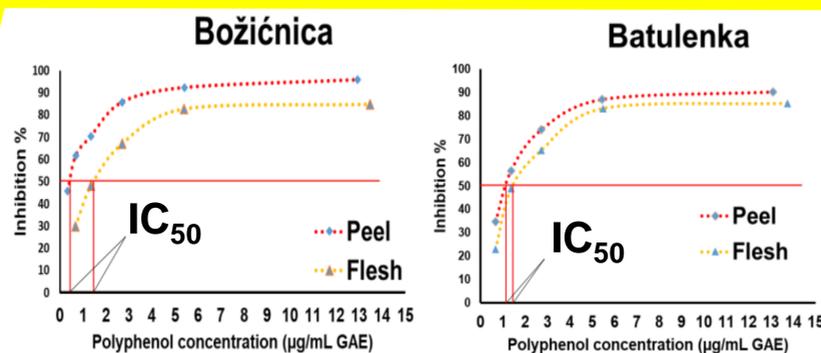
## Methodology



## Results

Polyphenol source	Weight (g)	Total polyphenols (mg/L) <sup>a</sup>	Polyphenol content <sup>b</sup>
Flesh of Batulenka	4.4	166.5	202.2
Flesh of Božićnica	4.3	272	377.2
Peel of Batulenka	4.3	610.2	824.4
Peel of Božićnica	4.3	1425.6	2132.9

<sup>a</sup> Mean values of total polyphenols obtained by the Folin Ciocalteu (FC) method based on two extracts each measured once (n = 2)  
<sup>b</sup> Mean values of polyphenol content expressed in mg gallic acid equivalent per kg of fresh flesh/peel weight



## Conclusion

- 1) The polyphenolic extracts from flesh and the peel of two traditional, indigenous apple varieties, strongly inhibit  $\alpha$ -glucosidase
- 2) Peel of Božićnica is the most potent inhibitor
- 3) Polyphenols have potential to retard hydrolysis of oligosaccharides by inhibiting  $\alpha$ -glucosidase activity

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